Exhibit 1



Detroit Field Office Patrick V. McNamara Building 477 Michigan Ave. Rm 865 Direct Dial – 313-774-0020 Website: www.ceoc.gov

04/23/2024

Daria J. Forbes 1429 Weather Hill Court East Lansing, MI 48823

Dear Daria J. Forbes:

This is in response to your inquiry concerning the charge of employment discrimination you filed against MERIDIAN TOWNSHIP, EEOC Charge Number 23A-2020-00730.

Your charge was investigated by Michigan Department of Civil Rights (MDCR), which is a state agency. It does not come under the direct authority of the EEOC. However, to preclude duplication of charge processing, a worksharing agreement has been established between the EEOC and MDCR. Substantial weight is given to their findings in terms of acceptance by this agency.

We have reviewed the processing of your charge regarding your expressed concerns. Our review, including the information you provided, does not indicate a basis to change the disposition of the charge. If you wish to pursue your rights further, you may do so by filing in Federal Court using the enclosed Notice of Right to Sue. If you fail to file suit within 90 days of receipt of the original Notice, your right to file in these matters will be lost and cannot be restored.

Sincerely,

Yvonne Allen Yvonne Allen State, Local, & Tribal Coordinator

U.S. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION

Detroit Field Office 477 Michigan Avenue, Room 865 Detroit, MI 48226 (313) 774-0020 Website: www.ecos.gov

DETERMINATION AND NOTICE OF RIGHTS

(This Notice replaces EEOC FORMS 161, 161-A & 161-B)

Issued On: 04/23/2024

To: Daria J. Forbes 1429 Weather Hill Court East Lansing, MI 48823 Charge No: 23A-2020-00730

EEOC Representative:

Yvonne Allen

State, Local & Tribal Coordinator

(313) 774-0030

DETERMINATION OF CHARGE

The EEOC issues the following determination: The EEOC will not proceed further with its investigation and makes no determination about whether further investigation would establish violations of the statute. This does not mean the claims have no merit. This determination does not certify that the respondent is in compliance with the statutes. The EEOC makes no finding as to the merits of any other issues that might be construed as having been raised by this charge.

The EEOC has adopted the findings of the state or local fair employment practices agency that investigated your charge.

NOTICE OF YOUR RIGHT TO SUE

This is official notice from the EEOC of the dismissal of your charge and of your right to sue. If you choose to file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) on this charge under federal law in federal or state court, your lawsuit must be filed WITHIN 90 DAYS of your receipt of this notice. Receipt generally occurs on the date that you (or your representative) view this document. You should keep a record of the date you received this notice. Your right to sue based on this charge will be lost if you do not file a lawsuit in court within 90 days. (The time limit for filing a lawsuit based on a claim under state law may be different.)

If you file suit, based on this charge, please send a copy of your court complaint to this office.

On behalf of the Commission,

Digitally Signed By: Ramiro Gutierrez 04/23/2024

Ramiro Gutierrez

Director

Please retain this notice for your records.

cc: On following page

Abby Tithof MERIDIAN TOWNSHIP 5151 Marsh Road Okemos, MI 48864 NOTICE OF RIGHTS UNDER THE ADA AMENDMENTS ACT OF 2008 (ADAAA): The ADA was amended, effective January 1, 2009, to broaden the definitions of disability to make it easier for individuals to be covered under the ADA/ADAAA. A disability is still defined as (1) a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities (actual disability); (2) a record of a substantially limiting impairment; or (3) being regarded as having a disability. However, these terms are redefined, and it is easier to be covered under the new law.

If you plan to retain an attorney to assist you with your ADA claim, we recommend that you share this information with your attorney and suggest that he or she consult the amended regulations and appendix, and other ADA related publications, available at http://www.eeoc.gov/laws/types/disability regulations.cfm.

"Actual" disability or a "record of" a disability (note: if you are pursuing a failure to accommodate claim you must meet the standards for either "actual" or "record of" a disability):

- The limitations from the impairment no longer have to be severe or significant for the impairment to be considered substantially limiting.
- In addition to activities such as performing manual tasks, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, learning, thinking, concentrating, reading, bending, and communicating (more examples at 29 C.F.R. § 1630.2(i)), "major life activities" now include the operation of major bodily functions, such as: functions of the immune system, special sense organs and skin; normal cell growth; and digestive, genitourinary, bowel, bladder, neurological, brain, respiratory, circulatory, cardiovascular, endocrine, hemic, lymphatic, musculoskeletal, and reproductive functions; or the operation of an individual organ within a body system.
- Only one major life activity need be substantially limited.
- With the exception of ordinary eyeglasses or contact lenses, the beneficial effects of "mitigating measures" (e.g., hearing aid, prosthesis, medication, therapy, behavioral modifications) are not considered in determining if the impairment substantially limits a major life activity.
- An impairment that is "episodic" (e.g., epilepsy, depression, multiple sclerosis) or "in remission" (e.g., cancer) is a disability if it would be substantially limiting when active.
- An impairment may be substantially limiting even though it lasts or is expected to last fewer than six months.

"Regarded as" coverage:

An individual can meet the definition of disability if an employment action was taken because of an actual or perceived impairment (e.g., The employer has a defense against a "regarded as" claim only when the impairment at issue is objectively BOTH transitory (lasting or expected to last six months or less) AND minor.

A person is not able to bring a failure to accommodate claim if the individual is covered only under the "regarded as" definition of "disability."

For more information, consult the amended regulations and appendix, as well as explanatory publications, available at http://www.eeoc.gov/laws/types/disability regulations.cfm.

INFORMATION RELATED TO FILING SUIT UNDER THE LAWS ENFORCED BY THE EEOC

(This information relates to filing suit in Federal or State court under Federal law. If you also plan to sue claiming violations of State law, please be aware that time limits may be shorter and other provisions of State law may be different than those described below.)

IMPORTANT TIME LIMITS - 90 DAYS TO FILE A LAWSUIT

If you choose to file a lawsuit against the respondent(s) named in the charge of discrimination, you must file a complaint in court within 90 days of the date you receive this Notice. Receipt generally means the date when you (or your representative) opened this email or mail. You should keep a record of the date you received this notice. Once this 90-day period has passed, your right to sue based on the charge referred to in this Notice will be lost. If you intend to consult an attorney, you should do so promptly. Give your attorney a copy of this Notice, and the record of your receiving it (email or envelope).

Your lawsuit may be filed in U.S. District Court or a State court of competent jurisdiction. Whether you file in Federal or State court is a matter for you to decide after talking to your attorney. You must file a "complaint" that contains a short statement of the facts of your case which shows that you are entitled to relief. Filing this Notice is not enough. For more information about filing a lawsuit, go to https://www.eeoc.gov/employees/lawsuit.cfm.

ATTORNEY REPRESENTATION

For information about locating an attorney to represent you, go to: https://www.eeoc.gov/employees/lawsuit.cfm.

In very limited circumstances, a U.S. District Court may appoint an attorney to represent individuals who demonstrate that they are financially unable to afford an attorney.

Equal Employment Opportunity Commission
Patrick V. McNamara Bldg. RM 865
477 Michigan Avenue
Detroit, MI 48226
OFFICIAL BUSINESS

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REC'D: 4/25/2024

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